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09/733,230	12/08/2000	Yoshifumi Tanimoto		1021
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HOGAN & HARTSON L.L.P. 500 S. GRAND AVENUE			LETT, THOMAS J	
SUITE 1900			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
LOS ANGELES, CA 90071-2611			2626	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u> </u>		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		09/733,230	TANIMOTO, YOSHIFUMI		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Thomas J. Lett	2626		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period vure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed /s will be considered timely. Ithe mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
2a)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 December 2000</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposit	ion of Claims				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-3,5-8,10-12 and 14</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) <u>4,9,13 and 15</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.			
Applicat	ion Papers				
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on <u>08 December 2000</u> is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	are: a) \square accepted or b) \square object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). pjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document	is have been received. Is have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage		
* :	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	∍d.		
Attachmer	nt(s)				
1) Notice 2) Notice 3) Information Paper	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date 3,5,6.	Paper No(s)/Mail D	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:		

Art Unit: 2626

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claim 2 is objected to because of the following informalities: the term "storing" should be inserted between the terms "for" and "delivery". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-3, 5-6, and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kikuchi et al (US Patent 5,552,901).

With respect to claim 1, Kikuchi et al discloses that the FAX server 1 is connected to opposite (opposite-party) FAXes 6 via a public switched network 5 (col 1, lines 63-65), and that the print document table 29 is configured of an area 29a for storing the identifier of each remote FAX 9 having made a request for printing, an area 29b for storing the data format of the data of each document accumulated in the document data storage 30, an area 29c for storing the start address of the accumulation (col 6, lines 50-55), which reads on a memory for storing delivery conditions, including whether or not a request for data transfer should be accepted, in accordance with at least part of an address of a data transmitter; and

Art Unit: 2626

when the FAX server including LAN controller for controlling a communication (col 3, lines 4-5), and it accepts the information items of the destination user identifier, destination telephone No., transmission time and date, etc. entered by the use of the operation control unit 22 and sends the accepted information items to the FAX server 1 (col 8, lines 58-66), which reads on a control unit for determining whether the request for data transfer should be accepted, based on the address of the data transmitter and the delivery conditions.

With respect to claim 2, Kikuchi discloses the transmission document table 27 is configured of an area 27a for storing the user identifier of each request for FAX transmission, an area 27b for storing the user identifier of each transmission destination, an area 27c for storing the telephone number of the destination (col 6, lines 21-25), which reads on a memory for delivery conditions including recipients registered in accordance with at least part of an address of a data transmitter; and

the broadcast facility of transmitting the identical document to the plurality of different opposite FAXes 6 can be realized by utilizing the transmission document table 27 (col 6, lines 33-35), which reads on a control unit for determining a recipient of data, based on the address of the data transmitter and the delivery conditions, and transferring the data to the determined recipient.

With respect to claim 3, Kikuchi discloses an area 27d for storing the time and date of the transmission (col 6, lines 25-26), which reads on the delivery conditions include day and time of data transfer.





Art Unit: 2626

With respect to claim 5, Kikuchi discloses he transmission document table 27 is configured of an area 27a for storing the user identifier of each request for FAX transmission, an area 27b for storing the user identifier of each transmission destination, an area 27c for storing the telephone No. of the destination, (col 6, lines 21-25), which reads on the recipient is specified by a facsimile number or e-mail address.

With respect to claim 6, Kikuchi discloses that the broadcast facility of transmitting the identical document to the plurality of different opposite FAXes 6 can be realized by utilizing the transmission document table 27 (col 6, lines 33-35), which reads on the controller can transfer the data to a plurality of recipients.

With respect to claim 8, Kikuchi discloses that the printers 8 which print the document data on recording paper are interconnected by the LAN 4 (col 1, lines 63-65), which reads on the recipients include a printer connected to the another network.

3. Claims 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Okada (US Patent 5,757,510).

With respect to claim 10, Okada discloses the facsimile mail apparatus 3 constitutes a mail center by being connected to the exchange 2 either for a PBX or for a public network (col 3, lines 34-37) and the receiving line transfers facsimile information from the facsimile terminal 1 (col 3, lines 44-45), which reads on receiving data over a network; and

in FIG. 9, a delivery reservation table 34 in FIG. 5 accommodates registration of a sender ID, a line group name, a mail sending function, a mail storing position, a receipt number, a receipt date/time, and a number of sheets. The mail storing position

Page 5

Application/Control Number: 09/733,230

Art Unit: 2626

indicates an address within the aforementioned magnetic disk drive 16 (col 4, lines 59-64), which reads on determining whether the data should be transferred to a designated recipient based on predetermined delivery conditions and an address of a data transmitter.

With respect to claim 11, Okada discloses a sending line control portion 28 governs sending lines between the exchange 2 and the facsimile mail apparatus 3. A sending line transfers facsimile information from the facsimile mail apparatus 3 (col 3, lines 45-48), which reads on transferring the data to the designated recipient according to determination made in the step B.

With respect to claim 12, Okada discloses priority is given to the functional condition, division can be such that the group A assigned to special delivery comprises 10 lines, the group B assigned to time-specified delivery comprises 10 lines, and the group C assigned to ordinary delivery comprises 22 lines (col 7, lines 3-7), which reads on the predetermined delivery conditions include day and time of data transfer.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kikuchi et al (US Patent 5,552,901) in view of Albal (US Patent 5,826,034 A). Kikuchi et al discloses the transmission document table 27 is configured of an area 27a for storing

Art Unit: 2626

the user identifier of each request for FAX transmission, an area 27b for storing the user identifier of each transmission destination, an area 27c for storing the telephone number of the destination (col 6, lines 21-25), which reads on a memory for delivery conditions including recipients registered in accordance with at least part of an address of a data transmitter; and

the broadcast facility of transmitting the identical document to the plurality of different opposite FAXes 6 can be realized by utilizing the transmission document table 27 (col 6, lines 33-35), which reads on a control unit for determining a recipient of data, based on the address of the data transmitter and the delivery conditions, and transferring the data to the determined recipient. Kikuchi et al does not disclose expressly that the recipients are specified by facsimile numbers and e-mail addresses. Albal discloses as shown in FIG. 4, the name, e-mail address, fax number, fax-print number, and post office address are provided for the delivery parameters by the payload entry 102. Note that this information is recipient specific (col 8, lines 48-52). Kikuchi et al and Albal are analogous art because they are from the similar problem solving area of delivery addressing. At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to add the feature of Albal to Kikuchi et al in order to obtain associating names with delivery identifiers. The motivation for doing so would be to associate delivery identifiers with recipients.

5. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Okada (US Patent 5,757,510) in view of Kikuchi et al (US Patent 5,552,901). Okada discloses the facsimile mail apparatus 3 constitutes a mail center by being connected to the

Art Unit: 2626

exchange 2 either for a PBX or for a public network (col 3, lines 34-37) and the receiving line transfers facsimile information from the facsimile terminal 1 (col 3, lines 44-45) which reads on receiving data over a network; and

in FIG. 9, a delivery reservation table 34 in FIG. 5 accommodates registration of a sender ID, a line group name, a mail sending function, a mail storing position, a receipt number, a receipt date/time, and a number of sheets. The mail storing position indicates an address within the aforementioned magnetic disk drive 16 (col 4, lines 59-64), which reads on determining whether the data should be transferred to a designated recipient based on predetermined delivery conditions and an address of a data transmitter.

Okada does not disclose expressly the recipient is a printer connected to the network. Kikuchi et al discloses that the FAX 6 is of an ordinary type, which has the facility of transmitting a document read by a scanner, through a public switched network, and the facility of printing a received document by a printer (col 22, lines 3-6). Okada and Kikuchi et al are analogous art because they are from the similar problem solving area of data output. At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to add the feature of Kikuchi et al to Okada in order to obtain an additional means to output image data. The motivation for doing so would be to have an alternate means to output data.

Allowable Subject Matter

Application/Control Number: 09/733,230 Page 8

Art Unit: 2626

6. Claims 4, 9, 13, and 15 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thomas J. Lett whose telephone number is 703-305-8733. The examiner can normally be reached on 7-3:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kimberly Williams can be reached at 703-305-4863. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)305-3900.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, DC 20231

or Faxed to:

(703) 872-9314 (for Technology Center 2600 only).

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to:

Crystal Park II 2121 Crystal Drive

Arlington, VA

Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

TJL

KIMBERLY WILLIAMS

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